

Nr. crt	Funcția	Integrala nedefinită
1	$f: \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}, f(x) = x^n, n \in \mathbb{N}$	$\int x^n dx = \frac{x^{n+1}}{n+1} + C$
2	$f: I \rightarrow \mathbb{R}, I \subset (0; +\infty), f(x) = x^a, a \in \mathbb{R} - \{-1\}$	$\int x^a dx = \frac{x^{a+1}}{a+1} + C$
3	$f: I \rightarrow \mathbb{R}, I \subset (0; +\infty)$ sau $I \subset (-\infty; 0)$ $f(x) = \frac{1}{x}$	$\int \frac{1}{x} dx = \ln x + C$
4	$f: \mathbb{R} \rightarrow (0; +\infty), f(x) = a^x, a > 0, a \neq 1$	$\int a^x dx = \frac{a^x}{\ln a} + C$
5	$f: \mathbb{R} \rightarrow (0; +\infty), f(x) = e^x$	$\int e^x dx = e^x + C$
6	$f: I \rightarrow \mathbb{R}, I = (0; +\infty)$ sau $I = (-\infty; 0)$ sau $I = (-a; a), a > 0, f(x) = \frac{1}{x^2 - a^2}$	$\int \frac{1}{x^2 - a^2} dx = \frac{1}{2a} \ln \left \frac{x-a}{x+a} \right + C$
7	$f: \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}, f(x) = \frac{1}{x^2 + a^2}, a \neq 0$	$\int \frac{1}{x^2 + a^2} dx = \frac{1}{a} \operatorname{arctg} \frac{x}{a} + C$
8	$f: I \rightarrow \mathbb{R}, I \subset (-a; a), a \neq 0, f(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{a^2 - x^2}}$	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a^2 - x^2}} dx = \arcsin \frac{x}{a} + C$
9	$f: \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}, f(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^2 + a^2}}, a \neq 0$	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^2 + a^2}} dx = \ln \left(x + \sqrt{x^2 + a^2} \right) + C$
10	$f: I \rightarrow \mathbb{R}, I \subset (-\infty; -a),$ sau $I \subset (a; +\infty), a > 0$ $f(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^2 - a^2}}$	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^2 - a^2}} dx = \ln \left x + \sqrt{x^2 - a^2} \right + C$
11	$f: \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}, f(x) = \sin x$	$\int \sin x dx = -\cos x + C$
12	$f: \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}, f(x) = \cos x$	$\int \cos x dx = \sin x + C$
13	$f: I \rightarrow \mathbb{R}, I \subseteq \left((2k+1)\frac{\pi}{2}; (2k+3)\frac{\pi}{2} \right), k \in \mathbb{Z}$ $f(x) = \frac{1}{\cos^2 x}$	$\int \frac{1}{\cos^2 x} dx = \operatorname{tg} x + C$
14	$f: I \rightarrow \mathbb{R}, I \subseteq (k\pi; (k+1)\pi), k \in \mathbb{Z}$ $f(x) = \frac{1}{\sin^2 x}$	$\int \frac{1}{\sin^2 x} dx = -\operatorname{ctg} x + C$
15	$f: I \rightarrow \mathbb{R}, I \subseteq \left((2k+1)\frac{\pi}{2}; (2k+3)\frac{\pi}{2} \right), k \in \mathbb{Z}$ $f(x) = \operatorname{tg} x$	$\int \operatorname{tg} x dx = -\ln \cos x + C$
16	$f: I \rightarrow \mathbb{R}, I \subseteq (k\pi; (k+1)\pi), k \in \mathbb{Z}, f(x) = \operatorname{ctg} x$	$\int \operatorname{ctg} x dx = \ln \sin x + C$