

## Examenul național de bacalaureat 2026

### Proba C

#### de evaluare a competențelor lingvistice într-o limbă de circulație internațională studiată pe parcursul învățământului liceal

##### Proba de înțelegere a unui text audiat la Limba engleză

Toate filierele, profilurile și specializările/ calificările

##### Model

- **Toate subiectele sunt obligatorii.**
- **Timpul efectiv de lucru este de 20 de minute.**

#### **SUBIECTUL I**

**(40 de puncte)**

You will hear two people talking about two British meals. For questions **1 – 4** choose the best answer (**A, B, C or D**).

1. What does the full English breakfast contain?
  - A. boiled potatoes
  - B. chicken nuggets
  - C. fish and chips
  - D. cooked food
2. How often do they have the full English breakfast at home?
  - A. every morning
  - B. every week
  - C. sometimes
  - D. never
3. What vegetables is the Sunday roast served with?
  - A. cabbage
  - B. beans
  - C. cauliflower
  - D. onion
4. When did Yorkshire pudding use to be served?
  - A. at the same time with the roast
  - B. it was served first
  - C. after the roast
  - D. most weekends

**SUBIECTUL al II-lea**

**(60 de puncte)**

You will hear a woman talking about buying second-hand instead of brand-new clothes. For questions **5 – 10**, choose the best answer (**A, B, C or D**).

**5.** Second-hand clothes are sold in charity shops

- A.** because people want to sell them.
- B.** to fund different causes.
- C.** only to help stray animals.
- D.** because the elderly need them.

**6.** In the UK, the number of people volunteering in charity shops is

- A.** more than 11,000.
- B.** close to 200,000.
- C.** 3.6% of the employees.
- D.** almost 340,000.

**7.** Clothing items in charity shops are

- A.** more expensive than new ones.
- B.** a lot easier to purchase.
- C.** plain and simple.
- D.** significantly cheaper.

**8.** What happens to some of the clothes which are not donated to charity?

- A.** They are environmentally friendly.
- B.** They are destroyed immediately.
- C.** They eventually reach landfills.
- D.** They are saved for later use.

**9.** The main similarity between charities and online second-hand shops is that

- A.** the items sold are no longer needed by the owner.
- B.** the money earned goes to the seller.
- C.** the money is donated to the people in need.
- D.** the seller advertises the products.

**10.** The platforms the speaker uses

- A.** are from outside Europe.
- B.** offer free postage.
- C.** sell only blouses.
- D.** offer a range of products.